Ability opto-Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.

Minutes of 2024 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting

(Translation)

Time: 9:00 am of June 20, 2024 (Thursday)

Venue: No.19, Keyuan Rd., Xitun Dist., Taichung City (Meeting Room on the 2th floor of

NCHU of the Central Taiwan Science Park Campus)

Attendance: All shareholders and their proxy holders, representing 86,480,670 shares (including

5,801,665 shares the voting rights of which are exercised by the electronic means), or

60.70% of the total142,459,880 outstanding shares.

Present: Chairperson Victor Kao, Director Chien-Hsun Lai, Director Chung-He Lin, Director

Mao-San Lai, Independent Director Yung-Jen Tsao (Audit Committee Convener) and

Independent Director Yung-Jui Chen, total of 6 directors attended the shareholders' meeting,

exceeding more than half of the 10 directors.

In attendance: Mei Lan Liu (PWC CPA)

Chaired by: Victor Kao

Minutes taker: Yu-Ting Huang

I. Chairman Remarks (omitted)

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#### II. Reports

Report No. 1: 2023 Business Report

**Explanation:** Please refer to Exhibit 1 (pages 7-9)

Report No. 2: 2023 Review Report of the Audit Committee

**Explanation:** Please refer to Exhibit 2 (page 10)

### Report No. 3: Report on the Private Placement of Ordinary Shares Explanation:

- 1. According to the resolution of the AGM dated June 22, 2022, the Board of Directors is authorized to issue ordinary shares for cash consideration by way of private placement within the limit of 20,000,000 shares. As of the expiration date, i.e., June 21, 2023, the Company had not yet completed the private placement of 20,000,000 ordinary shares and did not proceed with it.
- 2. According to the resolution of the AGM dated June 14, 2023, the Board of Directors is authorized to issue ordinary shares for cash consideration by way of private placement within the limit of 20,000,000 shares. However, as of May 9, 2024, the board of directors has not yet proceeded with the matter due to the related plans still being under development.
- 3. Relevant matters were reported in accordance with Article 5 of the Directions for Public Companies Conducting Private Placements of Securities.

### Report No. 4: Report on the Distribution of Remunerations to Employees and Directors in 2023

**Explanation:** The Company distributed remunerations to directors and employees in 2023 in accordance with its Articles of Incorporation. Specifically, the Company distributed NT\$3,239,047 to its directors and NT\$28,271,802 to its employees in cash.

#### III. Proposals

Proposal No. 1: 2023 Business Report and Financial Statements (Individual Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements). Please proceed to discuss. (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

**Explanation:** I. The Company's financial statements for 2023 (individual financial statements and consolidated financial statements), including balance sheets, statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity, and cash flow statements, have been audited by accountants Wu, Song-yuan and Liu, Mei-lan of PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan, and then submitted, together with the Company's business report, to and reviewed by the Audit Committee.

- II. For the Company's 2023 Business Report, Auditor's Report, and the aforesaid financial statements, please refer to Exhibit 1 (pages 7-9) and Exhibit 3 (pages 11-31).
- III. Please proceed to discuss.

**Resolution:** the voting results are as followed: 86,480,670 shares were represented at the time of voting.

	Propotion to the		
Voting results	total represented		
	shares present		
Affirmative votes 83,849,358 shares (including	96.95%		
3,170,353 shares the voting rights of which are			
exercised by the electronic means)			
Dissenting votes 127,922 shares (including 127,922	0.14%		
shares the voting rights of which are exercised by the			
electronic means)			
Invalid votes: 0	0.00%		
Abstention votes/no votes:2,503,390 shares including	2.89%		
2,503,390 shares the voting rights of which are			
exercised by the electronic means)			

The proposal has been adopted by voting without any modification.

## Proposal No. 2: 2023 Surplus Earnings Distribution Proposal. Please proceed to discuss. (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

- **Explanation:** I. For the 2023 Surplus Earnings Distribution Proposal, please refer to the following table.
  - II. For the distribution of distributable surplus earnings in 2023, the Company plans to distribute cash dividends of NT\$141,820,080 to shareholders, with the cash dividend per share being NT\$1 (the amount is accurate to NT\$1; the fractional amount less than NT\$1 will be included in the Company's non-operating revenue).
  - III. After this proposal is approved by the AGM, the chairman of the Board of Directors will be authorized to separately determine the dividend distribution base date, payment date, and other related matters. If the cash dividend payout ratio approved by the AGM is changed in the future due to the Company's number of outstanding shares being affected by the Company's repurchase of shares, exercise of new restricted employee shares, transfer or cancellation of treasure stock, exercise of employee stock options, or other factors, it is proposed that the AGM authorizes the chairman of the Board of Directors to fully handle and adjust it.

#### Ability opto-Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.

#### **2023 Surplus Earnings Distribution Proposal**

Unit: NT\$

Item	Amount
Undistributed earnings at the	263,305,148
beginning of the period	
Add:	
Changes in actuarial gains and	169,092
losses in the current period	
After-tax net profits in 2023	400,720,439
Surplus earnings available	664,194,679
for distribution	
Less:	
Statutory surplus reserve set	(40,088,953)
aside	
Special reserve set aside	(11,717,735)
Distributions:	
Cash dividends distributed to	(141,820,080)
shareholders (NT\$1/share)	
Undistributed earnings at the	470,567,911
end of the period	
Notes:	
The surplus earnings in 2023 are	e distributed in priority.

**Resolution:** the voting results are as followed: 86,480,670 shares were represented at the time of voting.

	Propotion to the total
Voting results	represented shares
	present
Affirmative votes 83,788,989 shares (including 3,109,984	96.88%
shares the voting rights of which are exercised by the	
electronic means)	
Dissenting votes 184,431 shares (including 184,431 shares	0.21%
the voting rights of which are exercised by the electronic	
means)	
Invalid votes: 0	0.00%

Abstention votes/no votes: 2,507,250shares including	2.89%
2,507,250 shares the voting rights of which are exercised	
by the electronic means)	

The proposal has been adopted by voting without any modification.

#### **IV. Discussions**

#### Discussion No. 1: Amendment to the Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings

**Explanation:** In accordance with the amendments in the law, the Company plans to amend certain terms of the Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings. Please refer to Exhibit 4 (pages 32-49) of this Handbook for the comparison table of terms before and after the revision.

**Resolution:** the voting results are as followed: 86,480,670 shares were represented at the time of voting.

	Propotion to the total
Voting results	represented shares
	present
Affirmative votes 83,846,308 shares (including 3,167,303	96.95%
shares the voting rights of which are exercised by the	
electronic means)	
Dissenting votes 130,058 shares (including 130,058	0.15%
shares the voting rights of which are exercised by the	
electronic means)	
Invalid votes: 0	0.00%
Abstention votes/no votes: 2,504,304 shares including	2.89%
2,504,304 shares the voting rights of which are exercised	
by the electronic means)	

The proposal has been adopted by voting without any modification.

#### V. Extempore Motions: None.

#### VI. Adjournment: 9:18 a.m., June 20, 2024

There were no questions from shareholders at the shareholders meeting.

IX. Exhibits Exhibit 1

### Ability opto-Electronics Technology Co., Ltd. 2023 Business Report

With the full support of the Board of Directors and the efforts of the management team, the implementation results of the Company's 2023 Business Plan and the Company's 2024 Business Plan are briefly summarized as follows:

#### I. 2023Business Results

#### (I) Business Results

In 2023, the Company's consolidated operating revenue was NTD 3,995,843 thousand, showing an increase of 9.1% compared to NTD 3,662,279 in 2022. The consolidated net profit after tax in 2023 was NTD 400,720.

#### (II) Execution of Budget

Since no financial forecast for 2023 was made public, there is no report on the achievement of the budget.

#### (III) Financial Revenue and Expenditure

In 2023, the net cash inflow from operating activities amounted to NT\$767,891 thousand; and the net cash outflow from investing activities amounted to NT\$806,396 thousand, mainly attributable to the investment in fixed assets like the purchase of machinery and equipment and construction of new plants; and the net cash inflow from financing activities amounting to NT\$115,278 thousand, which was mainly financed by bank borrowings.

#### (IV) Profitability Analysis

Category	Items	2023	2022
Financial	Debt to Assets Ratio	55.27	57.54
Structure (%)	Ratio of long-term capital to property, plant and equipment	159.21	174.28
Colverno (0/)	Current Ratio	127.64	126.66
Solvency (%)	Quick Ratio	91.75	82.56
D C 1:1:	Return on Assets	6.24	6.71
Profitability (%)	Return on Shareholders' Equity	12.53	16.13
	Ratio of Pre-tax Profit to Paid-in Capital	35.55	35.37

#### (V) Research and Development Status

The Company's R&D team not only devotes itself to the design and development of existing optical lenses to improve product quality, but also actively develops high-end lens. In addition, in order to improve the yield and production efficiency of the high-end lens process, and to solve the impacts of escalating labor costs, the Company continues to expand the automated production lines to improve the production yield and overcome the problem of escalating labor costs, for the purpose of meeting the demand for mass production of new products and the growth of market orders. With unique experience accumulated over the years in design innovation, process improvement and quality improvement, ABILITY OPTO-ELECTRONICS provides customers with superior optical lens products, grows together with customers and creates a win-win situation.

#### II. 2024Business Plan

In the lens market, with the popularity of video conferencing, remote education and remote office, users have higher requirements for the sharpness and performance of lens. In this regard, it is necessary to develop higher-definition and higher-performance lenses. In addition, the notebook becomes lighter and thinner, it is reflected that the size and weight of the lens are also increasing, and the trend is toward the development of smaller and lighter lens to meet the changes in demand. Finally, users have higher expectations for the intelligent functions of the lens, such as auto-focus, virtual blur background, and face recognition. Therefore, the integration of more smart functions will be the key to enhancing competitiveness in the future.

In terms of biometrics, with the popularity of identification technology, users are paying increasing attention to the security and privacy protection of fingerprint recognition modules. Therefore, it is very important to develop more secure and reliable fingerprint recognition modules. Fingerprint identification modules are widely used in multiple scenarios such as mobile devices, smart homes, and finance. Therefore, the trend will be the necessity to improve the multi-scenario adaptability of fingerprint identification modules. However, due to the uncertainties of international trade and market supply and demand, the lens and fingerprint identification market still faces certain risks and challenges. Therefore, when developing the business of the lens and fingerprint identification in the future, it is needed to pay close attention to market changes, and adjust product structure and business strategies in a timely manner to deal with the impact of market changes. The Company's main business plan for the coming year is described as follows:

#### 1. Management Policy

ABILITY OPTO-ELECTRONICS continues to recruit R&D professionals to develop forward-looking and innovative optoelectronic products and related core technologies. In order to develop forward-looking and innovative optoelectronic products and related core technologies, we have participated in R&D plans of domestic and foreign manufacturers, trial production of products required for early R&D and process development, expecting to grow together with other major

manufacturers. Develop unique technologies and special products as the basis and appeal for product differentiation and establish independent core technologies.

Meanwhile, implement the total quality management system and the objective oriented management and continue to improve production efficiency and speed in order to reduce R&D and manufacturing costs.

#### 2. Important Production and Sales Policies

#### (1) Production Policy:

In order to achieve lower production cost and higher production yields, ABILITY OPTO-ELECTRONICS has not only continued to improve its production technology, but also continued to expand automated production lines to reduce dependence on manpower, expecting to be able to meet the production demand for high-end lenses and significantly reduce the impact of the future salary growth on the production costs.

In order to accurately coordinate with future production expansion plans and conduct multi-sourcing to reduce dependence on a single supplier, the Company plans to produce lens accessories in-house and also uses multiple suppliers and actively maintain a sound relationship with the suppliers, in order to improve its competitive advantage with respect to source bargaining ability and control, thus helping to reduce costs and increase gross profits.

#### (2) Sales Policy:

The Company will continue to develop new application products for cameras and fingerprint recognition, manage key accounts and deploy major orders, actively explore new application product markets and new customer sources for domestic and foreign major manufacturers and increase sales of high-end products to increase gross profits.

All employees will continue to work hard to deal with various challenges and try their best to achieve the set sales targets. All employees of ABILITY OPTO-ELECTRONICS will continue to uphold the core values and business philosophy of "quality, speed, professionalism, service, innovation and flexibility." All operation teams will follow the spirit of solidarity and cooperation, hold the persistent and hard work attitude and achieve the goal of sustainable growth of the Company in this globalization and high competition era and fulfill corporate social responsibilities for the best interests of all shareholders. Lastly, I would like to thank all customers, suppliers, shareholders and employees for their long-term support.

#### Exhibit 2

#### Ability opto-Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.

#### Audit committee's report

The Board of Directors has prepared the Company's 2023 Parent Company Only and Consolidated Financial Statements. These financial statements have been audited by CPAs Sung-Yuan Wu and Mei-Lan Liu from PwC Taiwan, along with the Business Report and Earnings Distribution Proposal have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and found to be in conformity with the Company Act and other relevant laws and regulations; therefore, I hereby submit my report in accordance with Article 219 of the Company Act.

To

2024 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting

Ability opto-Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.

Convener of the Audit Committee: Yung-Jen Tsao

May 9, 2024

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Ability Opto-Electronics Technology Co, Ltd.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying parent company only balance sheets of Ability Opto-Electronics Technology Co., Ltd. (the "Company") as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related parent company only statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the parent company only financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the parent company only financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its parent company only financial performance and its parent company only cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities* for the audit of the parent company only financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Company's 2023 parent company only financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Company's 2023 parent company only financial statements are stated as follows:

#### Allowance for inventory valuation losses

#### Description

Refer to Note 4(10) for the accounting policies on inventories, Note 5(2) for the critical accounting estimations and assumptions for evaluation of inventories, and Note 6(4) for the details of allowance for inventory valuation loss. As of December 31, 2023, the Company's inventories and allowance for inventory valuation losses amounted to NT\$345,035 thousand and NT\$39,076 thousand, respectively.

The Company' inventories primarily comprise optical lenses and camera lenses which mostly are customised production. If these inventories do not meet the requirement of the customers who placed the orders, they are unlikely to be sold to other customers. Additionally, due to the fluctuation of market demand and rapid changes of technology, there is a higher risk of inventories losses arising from market value decline or obsolescence. As the estimation of net realizable value used in inventory valuation is subject to judgement and may cause significant uncertainty, we consider the evaluation of allowance for inventory valuation losses a key audit matter.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures to address the abovementioned key audit matter:

- (1) Obtained an understanding and estimated the reasonableness of the Company's valuation and allowance for losses on obsolete inventories.
- (2) Reviewed annual plan of physical inventory count and observed the inventory count to assess the effectiveness of internal control and classification of obsolete inventory.
- (3) Obtained the Company's inventory aging report and verified dates of movements with supporting documents. Ensured the accuracy of inventory aging classification and its consistency with the Group's policy.
- (4) Obtained the net realisable value report of each inventory, assessed whether the estimation policy was consistently applied in all inventories, tested the estimation basis of the net realisable value

with relevant information, including verifying the sales and purchase prices with supporting evidence, and recalculated and evaluated the reasonableness of the allowance for inventory valuation losses.

### Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the parent company only financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the parent company only financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to

those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Wu, Sung-Yuan

Liu, Mei Lan

For and on Behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

March 7, 2024

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The accompanying parent company only financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying parent company only financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

### ABILITY OPTO-ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	(	Expressed in thousar	 December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022			
	Assets	Notes	 AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	
	Current assets						
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 392,000	5	\$ 431,875	6	
1136	Current financial assets at amortised	6(2) and 8					
	cost		289,225	4	382,035	5	
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(3)	999,471	13	716,446	10	
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties	7(2)	935,819	12	846,488	12	
1200	Other receivables		18,228	-	14,917	-	
1210	Other receivables - related parties	7(2)	329	-	829	-	
130X	Inventories	6(4)	305,959	4	405,044	6	
1410	Prepayments		32,188	-	27,928	1	
1470	Other current assets		 2,101		2,133		
11XX	Current Assets		 2,975,320	38	2,827,695	40	
	Non-current assets						
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(2) and 8					
	amortised cost		16,983	-	8,905	-	
1550	Investments accounted for under	6(5)					
	equity method		1,203,614	16	1,017,218	14	
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(6) and 8	2,677,131	35	2,196,163	31	
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(7)	55,115	1	44,892	1	
1780	Intangible assets	6(8)	630,872	8	697,158	10	
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(28)	165,703	2	201,795	3	
1900	Other non-current assets	6(9)	 13,477		109,448	1	
15XX	Non-current assets		 4,762,895	62	4,275,579	60	
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 7,738,215	100	\$ 7,103,274	100	
			 			<u>-</u>	

(Continued)

## ABILITY OPTO-ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) December 31, 2023

	Linkilizing and Empire	N-4		December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022 AMOUNT		
-	Liabilities and Equity  Current liabilities	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(10)	\$	881,000	12	\$ 833,000	12
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(11)	Ф	30,000	12	\$ 655,000	12
2170	Accounts payable	0(11)		150,638	2	163,420	2
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7(2)		972,027	13	591,983	8
2200	Other payables	6(12)		449,382	6	664,969	10
2220	Other payables - related parties	7(2)		447,302	-	60	-
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(28)		6,158		-	
2280	Current lease liabilities	0(20)		21,531		7,320	_
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(13)		566,277	7	475,782	7
2399	Other current liabilities, others	0(13)		4,892	_	3,809	-
21XX	Current Liabilities			3,081,905	40	2,740,343	39
217171	Non-current liabilities			3,001,703		2,740,343	
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(13)		1,133,935	15	934,637	13
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(28)		6,231	-	9,515	-
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	0(20)		35,849	_	39,549	_
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(14)(15)		163,740	2	323,990	5
25XX	Non-current liabilities	0(1.)(10)		1,339,755	17	1,307,691	18
2XXX	Total Liabilities			4,421,660	57	4,048,034	57
	Equity			1,121,000			
	Share capital	6(17)					
3110	Ordinary share			1,424,599	18	1,424,599	20
	Capital surplus	6(18)		2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 3		1,121,033	
3200	Capital surplus	,		1,154,191	15	1,154,191	16
	Retained earnings	6(19)		, ,		, ,	
3310	Legal reserve	. ,		114,958	1	72,443	1
3320	Special reserve			21,737	_	43,951	1
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			664,195	9	425,153	6
	Other equity interest	6(20)					
3400	Other equity interest		(	63,125)	-	( 65,097) (	1)
3XXX	Total equity			3,316,555	43	3,055,240	43
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9					
	unrecognised contract commitments						
	Significant events after the balance	11					
	sheet date						
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	7,738,215	100	\$ 7,103,274	100

## ABILITY OPTO-ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amount)

	(Expressed in thou	sands of New Taiwa	an doll	ars, except earnings per	snare an r ended l	,		
				2022				
	Items	Notes		2023 AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%
4000	Opreating revenue	6(21) and 7(2)	\$	2,678,829	100	\$	2,405,901	100
5000	Operating costs	6(4)(26) and 7(2)	(	2,142,391) (	80)	(	1,854,089) (	77)
5900	Net operating margin	.,,,,	`	536,438	20	`	551,812	23
5920	Realized profit (loss) on from sales			31,058	1	(	72,137) (	3)
5950	Gross profit from operation			567,496	21	`	479,675	20
	Operating expenses	6(26)(27)				-		
6100	Selling expenses	,,,,	(	36,941) (	1)	(	46,483) (	2)
6200	General and administrative expenses		Ì	174,401) (	7)		163,723) (	7)
6300	Research and development expenses		Ì	198,580) (	7)		233,397) (	9)
6000	Total operating expenses		(	409,922) (	15)		443,603) (	18)
6900	Operating profit		`	157,574	6	`	36,072	2
	Non-operating income and expenses					-		
7100	Interest income	6(22)		20,162	1		4,311	_
7010	Other income	6(23)		25,573	1		94,758	4
7020	Other gains and losses	6(24)		15,829	-		153,959	6
7050	Finance costs	6(25)	(	33,197) (	1)	(	28,559) (	1)
7070	Share of profit of associates and	6(5)	(	33,177)(	1)	(	20,227) (	1)
	joint ventures accounted for using	- (- )						
	equity method, net			253,745	9		215,708	9
7000	Total non-operating revenue and					-		
	expenses			282,112	10		440,177	18
7900	Profit before income tax			439,686	16		476,249	20
7950	Income tax benefit	6(28)	(	38,966) (	1)	(	52,226) (	2)
8200	Profit for the year	*(==)	\$	400,720	15	\$	424,023	18
	Other comprehensive income		4	100,720		Ψ	121,023	10
	Components of other comprehensive							
	income that will not be reclassified to							
	profit or loss							
8311	Other comprehensive income, before	6(14)						
	tax, actuarial gains on defined	*(- ')						
	benefit plans		\$	169	_	\$	1,131	_
8310	Components of other		4	107		Ψ	1,131	
0010	comprehensive income that will							
	not be reclassified to profit or loss			169	_		1,131	_
	Components of other comprehensive			107			1,131	
	income that will be reclassified to							
	profit or loss							
8361	Financial statements translation	6(20)						
	differences of foreign operations		(	11,718)	_		28,060	1
8360	Components of other		`			-		
	comprehensive (loss) income that							
	will be reclassified to profit or loss		(	11,718)	_		28,060	1
8300	Other comprehensive (loss) income		`					_
	for the year		(\$	11,549)	_	\$	29,191	1
8500	Total comprehensive income for the		`					
0000	year		\$	389,171	15	\$	453,214	19
	<b>V</b>		Ψ	307,111		4	155,211	17
	Earnings per share	6(29)						
9750	Total basic earnings per share	-( <del>-</del> -/)	\$		2.83	\$		3.05
9850	Total diluted earnings per share		<u>Ψ</u>		2.82	\$		3.04
7030	Total unuted carmings per snare		φ		2.02	ψ		5.04

#### ABILITY OPTO-ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

				Retained Earnings							Other equity interest						
V. 2022	Notes	Oro	dinary share		pital surplus, tional paid-in capital	Leg	al reserve	Spec	ial reserve		unappropriated ined earnings	di di	icial statements translation fferences of ign operations	Other	equity, others	T	otal equity
<u>Year 2022</u>		e	1 215 450	\$	672,134	¢.	72.022	\$	40,263	\$	4,097	<b>(</b> ¢	40.522.)	\$		ø	2,054,463
Balance at January 1, 2022		Þ	1,315,459	Ф	0/2,134	\$	72,033	Þ	40,203	Þ		(\$	49,523 )	Ф		\$	
Profit for the year	((20)		-		-		-		-		424,023		20.000		-		424,023
Other comprehensive income for the year	6(20)		<u> </u>								1,131		28,060		<u>-</u>		29,191
Total comprehensive income											425,154		28,060				453,214
Appropriation and distribution of 2021 earnings:	6(19)																
Legal reserve			-		-		410		-	(	410)		-		-		-
Special reserve			-		-		-		3,688	(	3,688)		-		-		-
Issuance of shares	6(17)		100,000		434,500		-		-		-		-		-		534,500
Share-based payment arrangements	6(16)(20)		9,140		45,633		-		-		-		-	(	43,360)		11,413
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed			-		1,924		-		_		-	(	274 )		-		1,650
Balance at December 31, 2022		\$	1,424,599	\$	1,154,191	\$	72,443	\$	43,951	\$	425,153	(\$	21,737 )	(\$	43,360 )	\$	3,055,240
Year 2023												-		`			
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$	1,424,599	\$	1,154,191	\$	72,443	\$	43,951	\$	425,153	(\$	21,737)	(\$	43,360)	\$	3,055,240
Profit for the year											400,720	`					400,720
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the	e 6(20)										,						,
year	-( -)		-		-		-		-		169	(	11,718)		-	(	11,549 )
Total comprehensive income			_		_		_		_		400,889	(	11,718 )		_		389,171
Appropriation and distribution of 2022 earnings:	6(19)							<u> </u>									
Legal reserve			-		-		42,515		-	(	42,515)		-		-		-
Special reserve			-		-		-	(	22,214)		22,214		-		-		-
Cash dividends			-		-		-		-	(	141,546)		-		-	(	141,546)
Share-based payment arrangements	6(16)(20)		-		-		-		-		-		-		13,690		13,690
Balance at December 31, 2023		\$	1,424,599	\$	1,154,191	\$	114,958	\$	21,737	\$	664,195	(\$	33,455 )	(\$	29,670 )	\$	3,316,555

## ABILITY OPTO-ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		December 31			
	Notes		2023		2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit before tax		\$	439,686	\$	476,249
Adjustments					
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Depreciation expense	6(6)(26)		291,512		310,460
Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets	6(7)(26)		24,515		25,203
Amortization expense	6(8)(26)		82,746		88,614
Finance costs	6(25)		31,536		27,266
Interest expense on lease liabilities	6(25)		1,661		1,293
Gains on disposals of property, plant and	6(24)				
equipment		(	5,772)	(	6,747)
Interest income	6(22)	Ì	20,162)		4,311)
Share of profit or loss of associates and joint	6(5)	`	, ,		,
ventures accounted for using equity method	,	(	253,745)	(	215,708)
Unrealized (profit) loss from sales		Ì	31,058)		72,137
Share-based payments	6(16)		13,690		2,273
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	,	(	19,040)	(	32,212)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			- , ,		- , ,
Changes in operating assets					
Accounts receivable		(	283,026)		186,311
Accounts receivable due from related parties		(	89,330)	(	762,485)
Inventories			99,085	(	213,062)
Other receivables		(	3,311)		17,254
Prepayments		(	4,260)		901
Other current assets		(	32	(	29 )
Changes in operating liabilities			<i>5-</i>	(	_, ,
Accounts payable		(	12,782)		34,918
Accounts payable to related parties		(	380,044		533,766
Other payables		(	121,850)		57,997
Other payables to related parties		(	60)		60
Other current liabilities, others		(	1,083	(	3,136)
Other non current liabilities			1,005	(	175 )
Cash inflow generated from operations			521,194		596,837
Interest paid		(	28,157)	(	17,580)
Interest pard Interest received		(	20,162	(	4,311
Net cash flows from operating activities					
ivet cash flows from operating activities			513,199		583,568

(Continued)

## ABILITY OPTO-ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Year ended December 31					
	Notes		2023		2022		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Decrease (increase) in financial assets at amortised							
cost		\$	84,732	(\$	268,369)		
Acquisition of investments accounted for using							
equity method			-	(	69,900)		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(30)	(	671,727)	(	950,338)		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and							
equipment			5,230		18,989		
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(30)	(	284,140)	(	371,442)		
Other receivables due from related parties			500		112,001		
Proceeds from capital reduction of investments	6(5)						
accounted for using equity method			92,000		-		
Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits			4,496	(	77)		
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(	768,909)	(	1,529,136)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					_		
Increase from short-term borrowings	6(31)		388,000		755,554		
Decrease of short-term borrowings	6(31)	(	340,000)	(	591,554)		
Increase in short-term notes and bills payable	6(31)		30,000		30,000		
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	6(31)		-	(	80,000)		
Repayments of principal portion of lease liabilities	6(31)	(	24,226)	(	24,983)		
Proceeds from long-term borrowiongs	6(31)		350,000		1,640,534		
Repayments of long-term borrowiongs	6(31)	(	65,247)	(	1,285,824)		
Cash dividends paid	6(31)	(	141,546)		-		
Issuance of new restricted shares	6(17)		-		9,140		
Proceeds from issuing shares	6(17)		-		534,500		
Net cash flows from financing activities		-	196,981		987,367		
			18,854		32,385		
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(	39,875)		74,184		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		•	431,875		357,691		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	392,000	\$	431,875		

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Ability Opto-Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Ability Opto-Electronics Technology Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the" Group") as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### *Key audit matters*

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2023 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's 2023 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

#### Allowance for inventory valuation losses

#### **Description**

Refer to Note 4(11) for the accounting policies on inventories, Note 5(2) for the critical accounting estimates and assumptions for evaluation of inventories, and Note 6(5) for the details of allowance for inventory valuation losses. As of December 31, 2023, the Group's inventories and allowance for inventory valuation losses amounted to NT\$1,106,515 thousand and NT\$184,040 thousand, respectively.

The Group's inventories are primarily comprised of optical lenses and camera lenses which mostly are customized production. If these inventories do not meet the requirements of the customers who placed the orders, they are unlikely to be sold to other customers. Additionally, due to the fluctuation of market demand and rapid changes of technology, there is a higher risk of inventories losses arising from market value decline or obsolescence. As the estimation of net realizable value used in inventory valuation is subject to judgement and may cause significant uncertainty, we consider the evaluation of allowance for inventory valuation losses a key audit matter.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures to address the abovementioned key audit matter:

- (1)Obtained an understanding and estimated the reasonableness of the Group's valuation and allowance for losses on obsolete inventories.
- (2)Reviewed annual plan of physical inventory count and observed the inventory count to assess the effectiveness of internal control and classification of obsolete inventory.
- (3)Obtained the Group's inventory aging report and verified dates of movements with supporting documents. Ensured the accuracy of inventory aging classification and its consistency with the Group's policy.
- (4)Obtained the net realizable value report of each inventory, assessed whether the estimation policy was consistently applied in all inventories, tested the estimation basis of the net realizable value with relevant information, including verifying the sales and purchase prices with supporting evidence, and recalculated and evaluated the reasonableness of the allowance for inventory valuation losses.

#### Other Matter-parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion on the parent company only financial statements of Ability Opto-Electronics Technology Co., Ltd. as at and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

### Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Wu, Sung-Yuan

Liu, Mei Lan

For and on Behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan March 7, 2024

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice. As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may

## Ability Opto-Electronics Technology Co., Ltd. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Assets	•			December 31, 2022 AMOUNT	
	Current assets			TIMO CIVI		TEMOGRA
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	711,173	\$	614,071
1136	Current financial assets at amortised	6(2) and 8	Ψ	711,173	Ψ	011,071
1150	cost	0(2) and 0		289,225		483,684
		- (a)				
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(3)		711		611
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(3)(4)		1,471,671		1,169,103
1200	Other receivables			19,696		17,199
130X	Inventories	6(5)		922,475		1,167,052
1410	Prepayments			55,125		56,007
1470	Other current assets			6,784		5,187
11XX	Current assets			3,476,860		3,512,914
	Non-current assets					
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(2) and 8				
	amortised cost			16,983		8,905
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(6) and 8		2,950,139		2,542,852
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(7)		104,097		99,713
1780	Intangible assets	6(8)		634,705		701,906
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(28)		175,119		216,395
1900	Other non-current assets	6(9)		63,024		122,500
15XX	Non-current assets			3,944,067		3,692,271
1XXX	Total assets		\$	7,420,927	\$	7,205,185

(Continued)

## Ability Opto-Electronics Technology Co., Ltd. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	(	Expressed in thousai	expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes AMOUNT			AMOUNT		
	Current liabilities						
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(10)	\$	1,090,000	\$ 1,101,669		
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(11)		30,000	-		
2170	Accounts payable			400,059	388,738		
2200	Other payables	6(12)		514,939	739,546		
2230	Current income tax liabilities			63,689	29,973		
2280	Current lease liabilities			31,031	17,497		
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(13)		588,698	491,149		
2399	Other current liabilities, others			5,636	4,887		
21XX	Current liabilities			2,724,052	2,773,459		
	Non-current liabilities						
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(13)		1,158,836	978,829		
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(28)		11,185	16,040		
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			43,397	53,308		
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(15)		163,923	324,173		
25XX	Non-current liabilities			1,377,341	1,372,350		
2XXX	Total liabilities			4,101,393	4,145,809		
	Equity attributable to owners of						
	parent						
	Share capital	6(16)(17)					
3110	Ordinary share			1,424,599	1,424,599		
	Capital surplus	6(18)					
3200	Capital surplus			1,154,191	1,154,191		
	Retained earnings	6(19)					
3310	Legal reserve			114,958	72,443		
3320	Special reserve			21,737	43,951		
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			664,195	425,153		
	Other equity interest	6(20)					
3400	Other equity interest		(	63,125)	(65,097		
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of						
	parent			3,316,555	3,055,240		
36XX	Non-controlling interests			2,979	4,136		
3XXX	Total equity			3,319,534	3,059,376		
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9					
	unrecognized contract commitments						
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	7,420,927	\$ 7,205,185		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

# Ability Opto-Electronics Technology Co., Ltd. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated) Year ended December

	\ 1			Year ended December 31			
				2023		2022	
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT		AMOUNT	
4000	Operating revenue	6(21)	\$	3,995,843	\$	3,662,279	
5000	Operating costs	6(5)(26)(27)	(	2,946,121)	(	2,749,538)	
5900	Gross profit from operations			1,049,722		912,741	
	Operating expenses	6(26)(27)					
6100	Selling expenses		(	90,338)		98,139)	
6200	General and administrative expenses		(	257,887)	(	242,366)	
6300	Research and development expenses		(	221,185)	(	260,831)	
6450	Expected credit impairment gain	12(2)		4		191	
6000	Total operating expenses		(	569,406)	(	601,145)	
6900	Operating profit			480,316		311,596	
	Non-operating income and expenses						
7100	Interest income	6(22)		23,157		3,163	
7010	Other income	6(23)		28,380		63,420	
7020	Other gains and losses	6(24)		15,128		162,405	
7050	Finance costs	6(25)	(	40,587)	(	36,759)	
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses			26,078		192,229	
7900	Profit before income tax			506,394		503,825	
7950	Income tax expense	6(28)	(	106,823)	(	90,201)	
8200	Profit for the year	. ,	\$	399,571	\$	413,624	
	Other comprehensive income			,	<del></del>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
8311	Other comprehensive income, before tax,	6(14)					
0311	actuarial gains on defined benefit plans	0(14)	\$	169	\$	1,131	
8349	Income tax related to components of						
	other comprehensive income that will not						
	be reclassified to profit or loss			<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	
8310	Components of other comprehensive						
	income that will not be reclassified to						
	profit or loss			169		1,131	
	Components of other comprehensive						
	income that will be reclassified to profit						
	or loss						
8361	Financial statements translation	6(20)					
	differences of foreign operations		(	11,726)		28,209	
8399	Income tax related to components of						
	other comprehensive income that will be						
	reclassified to profit or loss			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
8360	Components of other comprehensive						
	income that will be reclassified to						
0200	profit or loss		(	11,726)	_	28,209	
8300	Other comprehensive (loss) income		(\$	11,557)	\$	29,340	
8500	Total comprehensive income for the year		\$	388,014	\$	442,964	
	Profit (loss), attributable to:						
8610	Owners of parent		\$	400,720	\$	424,023	
8620	Non-controlling interests		( \$	1,149)	(\$	10,399)	
	Comprehensive income attributable to:						
8710	Owners of parent		\$	389,171	\$	453,214	
8720	Non-controlling interests		( \$	1,157)	(\$	10,250)	
					1		
	Basic earnings per share	6(29)					
9750	Basic earnings per share		\$	2.83	\$	3.05	
9850	Diluted earnings per share		\$	2.82	\$	3.04	
	<b>U</b> 1		<u>.                                      </u>	3.02		3.01	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### Ability Opto-Electronics Technology Co., Ltd. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

Equity attributable to owners of the parent Retained Earnings Other equity interest Exchange differences on translation of Capital surplus, Unappropriated foreign additional paidretained financial Other equity, Non-controlling Notes Ordinary share in capital Legal reserve Special reserve earnings statements others Total interests Total equity Year 2022 Balance at January 1, 2022 \$ 1,315,459 40,263 49,523 2,054,463 16,036 \$ 2,070,499 424,023 Profit for the year 424,023 10,399) 413,624 Other comprehensive income for the year 1,131 29,191 149 29,340 6(20) 28,060 453,214 425,154 28,060 10,250 442,964 Total comprehensive income (loss) Appropriation and distribution of 2021 6(19) earnings Legal reserve 410 410) Special reserve 3,688 3,688) Issuance of shares 6(17) 100,000 434,500 534,500 534,500 6(16)(20) 43,360) Share-based payment arrangements 9,140 45,633 11,413 11,413 Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed 1,924 274 1,650 1,650 \$ 1,154,191 21,737 43,360 Balance at December 31, 2022 \$ 1,424,599 72,443 43,951 425,153 \$ 3,055,240 4,136 \$ 3,059,376 Year 2023 Balance at January 1, 2023 \$ 1,424,599 \$ 1,154,191 72,443 43,951 425,153 21,737) 43,360 \$ 3,055,240 \$ 3,059,376 4,136 400,720 400,720 1.149 399,571 Profit for the year Other comprehensive income (loss) for the 6(20) 169 11,718 11,549) 11,557) 389,171 400,889 11,718 388,014 Total comprehensive income (loss) 1.157 Appropriation and distribution of 2022 6(19)earnings Legal reserve 42,515 42,515) Reversal of special reserve 22,214) 22,214 Cash dividends 141,546) 141,546) 141,546) 6(16)(20) Share-based payment arrangements 13,690 13,690 13,690

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

21,737

664,195

33,455

29,670

\$ 3,316,555

2,979

\$ 3,319,534

114,958

\$ 1,424,599

\$ 1.154.191

Balance at December 31, 2023

#### $\underline{Ability\ Opto\text{-}Electronics\ Technology\ Co.,\ Ltd.\ AND\ SUBSIDIARIES}$

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

#### YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

			Year ended December 31			
	Notes		2023		2022	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Profit before tax		\$	506,394	\$	503,825	
Adjustments			,		,	
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)						
Expected credit impairment gain	12(2)	(	4)	(	191 )	
Depreciation expense	6(6)(7)(26)		404,712		431,563	
Amortization expense	6(8)(26)		86,163		94,453	
(Gain) losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment	6(24)	(	350)		2,499	
Finance costs	6(25)		40,587		36,759	
Interest income	6(22)	(	23,157)	(	3,163)	
Share-based payments	6(16)		13,690		2,273	
Unrealized foreign exchange gain		(	18,319 )	(	32,889 )	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities						
Changes in operating assets						
Notes receivable, net		(	100)	(	594)	
Accounts receivable, net		(	302,564)		347,079	
Other receivables		(	2,497)		15,589	
Inventories			244,577	(	438,429 )	
Prepayments			882	(	3,829 )	
Other current assets		(	1,597)		194	
Other non-current assets			-	(	2,975 )	
Changes in operating liabilities						
Accounts payable			11,321	(	215,157)	
Other payables		(	130,870 )		52,418	
Other non-current liabilities		(	185 )	(	174 )	
Other current liabilities			749	(	24,977)	
Cash inflow generated from operations			829,432		764,274	
Interest received			23,157		3,163	
Interest paid		(	35,547)	(	25,779 )	
Income taxes paid		(	49,151)	(	3,120)	
Net cash flows from operating activities			767,891		738,538	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		'				
Decrease (Increase) in financial assets at amortised cost			186,381	(	370,018)	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(30)	(	717,881 )	(	957,920 )	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			9,357		= '	
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(30)	(	288,268 )	(	373,220)	
Decrease in refundable deposits			4,015		793	
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(	806,396)	(	1,700,365	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-		-		
Increase from short-term borrowings	6(31)		678,000		1,799,848	
Decrease of short-term borrowings	6(31)	(	691,070 )	(	1,642,712 )	
Increase in long-term borrowings	6(31)		350,000		1,699,636	
Decrease in long-term borrowings	6(31)	(	74,960)	(	1,290,588 )	
Increase (decrease) in short-term notes and bills payable	6(31)		30,000	(	50,000)	
Repayments of principal portion of lease liabilities	6(31)	(	35,146)	(	37,013 )	
Cash dividends paid	6(19)(31)	(	141,546 )		-	
Proceeds from issuing shares	6(17)		-		534,500	
Issuance of new restricted shares	6(16)(17)		-		9,140	
Net cash flows from financing activities			115,278		1,022,811	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents			20,329		30,790	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			97,102		91,774	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			614,071		522,297	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	711,173	\$	614,071	
		<u> </u>				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

## Ability opto-Electronics Technology Co., Ltd. Comparison Table of Amendments to the "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings"

Amended provisions	Current provisions	Description
Article 2 (Convention and notice of shareholders' meetings)  Unless otherwise provided by law or regulation, the Company's shareholders' meetings shall be convened by the Board of Directors.  The Company's virtual shareholders meeting shall be indicated in the articles and approved by the Board of Directors unless otherwise specified in the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies. The virtual shareholders meeting shall be attended by at least two-thirds of the board and the resolution must be voted in favor by more than half of all attending directors.  A notice to convene a regular shareholders' meeting shall be sent to each shareholder 30 days prior to the scheduled meeting date. Shareholders who hold less than 1,000 registered shares in the Company shall be notified of the meeting by means of a public announcement published on the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) 30 days prior to the scheduled meeting date. A notice to convene a special shareholders' meeting shall be sent to each shareholder 15 days prior to the scheduled meeting date. Shareholders who hold less than 1,000 registered shares in the Company shall be notified of the meeting by means of a public announcement published on the MOPS 15 days prior to the scheduled meeting date. Shareholders who hold less than 1,000 registered shares in the Company shall be notified of the meeting by means of a public announcement published on the MOPS 15 days prior to the scheduled meeting date.  The Company shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders meeting notice and proxy forms, and the origins of and explanatory materials relating to all proposals, including proposals for ratification, matters for deliberation, or the election or dismissal of directors, and upload them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) before 30 days before the date of a regular shareholders meeting or before 15 days before the date of a special shareholders meeting. The Company shall	Article 2 (Convention and notice of shareholders' meetings) Unless otherwise provided by law or regulation, the Company's shareholders' meetings shall be convened by the Board of Directors. A notice to convene a regular shareholders' meeting shall be sent to each shareholder 30 days prior to the scheduled meeting date. Shareholders who hold less than 1,000 registered shares in the Company shall be notified of the meeting by means of a public announcement published on the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) 30 days prior to the scheduled meeting date. A notice to convene a special shareholders' meeting shall be sent to each shareholder 15 days prior to the scheduled meeting date. Shareholders who hold less than 1,000 registered shares in the Company shall be notified of the meeting by means of a public announcement published on the MOPS 15 days prior to the scheduled meeting date.	Paragraph 2 is added to protect the rights and interests of shareholders. It specifies that the Company's virtual shareholders meeting shall be indicated in the articles and approved by the Board of Directors unless otherwise specified in the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies. The virtual shareholders meeting shall be attended by at least two-thirds of the board and the resolution must be voted in favor by more than half of all attending directors.

prepare electronic versions of the shareholders meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and upload them to the MOPS before 21 days before the date of the regular shareholders meeting or before 15 days before the date of the special shareholders meeting. If, however, the Company has the paid-in capital of NT\$2 billion or more as of the last day of the most current fiscal year, or total shareholding of foreign shareholders and PRC shareholders reaches 30% or more as recorded in the register of shareholders of the shareholders meeting held in the immediately preceding year, transmission of these electronic files shall be made by 30 days before the regular shareholders meeting. In addition, before 15 days before the date of the shareholders meeting, the Company shall also have prepared the shareholders meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and made them available for review by shareholders at any time. The meeting agenda and supplemental materials shall also be displayed at the Company and the professional shareholder services agent designated thereby. This Corporate shall make the meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials in the preceding paragraph available to shareholders for review in the following manner on the date of the shareholders meeting: I. For physical shareholders meetings, to be distributed on-site at the meeting. II. For hybrid shareholders meetings, to be distributed on-site at the meeting and shared on the virtual meeting platform. III. For virtual-only shareholders meetings, electronic files shall be shared on the virtual meeting platform. The reasons for convening a shareholders meeting shall be specified in the meeting notice and public announcement. With the consent of the addressee, the meeting notice may be given in electronic form. Where re-election of all directors and supervisors as well as their inauguration date is stated in the notice of the reasons for convening the shareholders meeting, after the completion of the re-election in said meeting such inauguration date may not be altered by any extraordinary motion or

otherwise in the same meeting.

A shareholder holding one percent or more of the total number of issued shares may submit to the Company a proposal for discussion at a regular shareholders meeting. The number of items so proposed is limited to one only, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda. When the circumstances of any subparagraph of Article 172-1, paragraph 4 of the Company Act apply to a proposal put forward by a shareholder, the board of directors may exclude it from the agenda.

A shareholder may propose a recommendation for urging the corporation to promote public interests or fulfill its social responsibilities, provided procedurally the number of items so proposed is limited only to one in accordance with Article 172-1 of the Company Act, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda.

Prior to the book closure date before a regular shareholders meeting is held, the Company shall publicly announce its acceptance of shareholder proposals in writing or electronically, and the location and time period for their submission; the period for submission of shareholder proposals may not be less than 10 days.

Shareholder-submitted proposals are limited to 300 words, and no proposal containing more than 300 words will be included in the meeting agenda. The shareholder making the proposal shall be present in person or by proxy at the regular shareholders meeting and take part in discussion of the proposal.

Prior to the date for issuance of notice of a shareholders meeting, the Company shall inform the shareholders who submitted proposals of the proposal screening results, and shall list in the meeting notice the proposals that conform to the provisions of this article. At the shareholders meeting the board of directors shall explain the reasons for exclusion of any shareholder proposals not included in the agenda.

Article 4 (Proxy and authorization)

For each shareholders meeting, a shareholder may appoint a proxy to attend the meeting by providing the proxy form issued by the Company and stating the scope of the proxy's authorization. A shareholder may issue only one proxy form and appoint only one proxy for any given shareholders meeting, and shall deliver the proxy form to the Company before five days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate proxy forms are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail unless a declaration is made to cancel the previous proxy appointment.

After a proxy form has been delivered to the Company, if the shareholder intends to attend the meeting in person or to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronically, a written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to the Company before two business days before the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is submitted after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail. If, after a proxy form is delivered to the Company, a shareholder wishes to attend the shareholders meeting online, a written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to the Company two business days before the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is submitted after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.

Article 4 (Proxy and authorization)

For each shareholders meeting, a shareholder may appoint a proxy to attend the meeting by providing the proxy form issued by the Company and stating the scope of the proxy's authorization. A shareholder may issue only one proxy form and appoint only one proxy for any given shareholders meeting, and shall deliver the proxy form to the Company before five days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate proxy forms are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail unless a declaration is made to cancel the previous proxy appointment.

Amendments to the Act

Article 5 (Principles determining the time and place of a shareholders meeting)

The venue for a shareholders meeting shall be the premises of the Company, or a place easily accessible to shareholders and suitable for a shareholders meeting. The meeting may begin no earlier than 9 a.m. and no later than 3 p.m. Full consideration shall be given to the opinions of the independent directors with respect to the place and time of the meeting.

The restrictions on the place of the meeting shall not apply when the Company convenes a virtual-only shareholders meeting.

Article 5 (Principles determining the time and place of a shareholders meeting)

The venue for a shareholders meeting shall be the premises of the Company, or a place easily accessible to shareholders and suitable for a shareholders meeting. The meeting may begin no earlier than 9 a.m. and no later than 3 p.m. Full consideration shall be given to the opinions

Amendments to the Act

of the independent directors with respect to the place and time of the meeting. Amendments Article 6 (Preparation of documents such as Article 6 (Preparation of to the Act the attendance book) documents such as the attendance book) The Company shall specify in its shareholders meeting notices the time during The Company shall furnish which attendance registrations for the attending shareholders or shareholders, solicitors and proxies their proxies (collectively (collectively "shareholders") will be "shareholders") with an accepted, the place to register for attendance book to sign, or attendance, and other matters for attention. attending shareholders may hand in a sign-in card in lieu The time during which shareholder of signing in. attendance registrations will be accepted, as stated in the preceding paragraph, shall be at The Company shall furnish least 30 minutes prior to the time the attending shareholders with meeting commences. The place at which the meeting agenda book, attendance registrations are accepted shall annual report, attendance be clearly marked and a sufficient number of card, speaker's slips, voting suitable personnel assigned to handle the slips, and other meeting registrations. For virtual shareholders materials. Where there is an meetings, shareholders may begin to register election of directors, preon the virtual meeting platform 30 minutes printed ballots shall also be furnished. before the meeting starts. Shareholders completing registration will be deemed as Shareholders shall attend attend the shareholders meeting in person. shareholders meetings based Shareholders shall attend shareholders on attendance cards, sign-in meetings based on attendance cards, sign-in cards, or other certificates of

Shareholders shall attend shareholders meetings based on attendance cards, sign-in cards, or other certificates of attendance. The Company may not arbitrarily add requirements for other documents beyond those showing eligibility to attend presented by shareholders. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also bring identification documents for verification.

The Company shall furnish the attending shareholders with an attendance book to sign, or attending shareholders may hand in a sign-in card in lieu of signing in.

The Company shall furnish attending shareholders with the meeting agenda book, annual report, attendance card, speaker's slips, voting slips, and other meeting Shareholders shall attend shareholders meetings based on attendance cards, sign-in cards, or other certificates of attendance. The Company may not arbitrarily add requirements for other documents beyond those showing eligibility to attend presented by shareholders. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also bring identification documents for verification.

When the government or a juristic person is a shareholder, it may be represented by more than one representative at a shareholders meeting. When a

motorials Whore there is an institute f	innistio managan ia anno sinta 14	
materials. Where there is an election of directors or supervisors, pre-printed ballots shall also be furnished.	juristic person is appointed to attend as proxy, it may designate only one person to represent it in the meeting.	
When the government or a juristic person is a shareholder, it may be represented by more than one representative at a shareholders meeting. When a juristic person is appointed to attend as proxy, it may designate only one person to represent it in the meeting.		
In the event of a virtual shareholders meeting, shareholders wishing to attend the meeting online shall register with the Company two days before the meeting date.		
In the event of a virtual shareholders meeting, the Company shall upload the meeting agenda book, annual report and other meeting materials to the virtual meeting platform at least 30 minutes before the meeting starts, and keep this information disclosed until the end of the meeting.		
Article 6-1 To convene a virtual shareholders meeting, the Company shall include the follow particulars in the shareholders meeting notice:		Amendments to the Act
I. How shareholders attend the virtual meeting and exercise their rights.		
II. Actions to be taken if the virtual meeting platform or participation in the virtual meeting is obstructed due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events, at least covering the following particulars:		
(I) To what time the meeting is postponed or from what time the meeting will resume if the above obstruction continues and cannot be removed, and the date to which the meeting is postponed or on which the meeting will resume.		
(II) Shareholders not having registered to attend the affected virtual shareholders meeting shall not attend the postponed or resumed session.		
(III) In case of a hybrid shareholders		

meeting, when the virtual meeting cannot be continued, if the total number of shares represented at the meeting, after deducting those represented by shareholders attending the virtual shareholders meeting online, meets the minimum legal requirement for a shareholder meeting, then the shareholders meeting shall continue. The shares represented by shareholders attending the virtual meeting online shall be counted towards the total number of shares represented by shareholders present at the meeting, and the shareholders attending the virtual meeting online shall be deemed abstaining from voting on all proposals on meeting agenda of that shareholders meeting.

(IV) Actions to be taken if the outcome of all proposals have been announced and extraordinary motion has not been carried out.

III. To convene a virtual-only shareholders meeting, appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties in attending a virtual shareholders meeting online shall be specified. Except for the situations specified in Paragraph 6, Article 44-9 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, at least connection equipment and necessary assistance shall be provided to shareholders, and the period during which shareholders may apply to the Company and other relevant matters shall be specified.

Article 8 (Documentation of a shareholders meeting by audio or video)

The Company, <u>beginning from the time it</u> accepts shareholder attendance registrations, shall make an uninterrupted audio and video recording of the registration procedure, the proceedings of the shareholders meeting, and the voting and vote counting procedures.

The recorded materials of the preceding paragraph shall be retained for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a Article 8 (Documentation of a shareholders meeting by audio or video)

The Company shall make an audio and video recording of the entire Shareholders'
Meeting and keep the record for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the recording shall be retained

lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the recording shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

Where a shareholders meeting is held online, the Company shall keep records of shareholder registration, sign-in, check-in, questions raised, votes cast and results of votes counted by the Company, and continuously audio and video record, without interruption, the proceedings of the virtual meeting from beginning to end.

The information and audio and video recording in the preceding paragraph shall be properly kept by the Company during the entirety of its existence, and copies of the audio and video recording shall be provided to and kept by the party appointed to handle matters of the virtual meeting.

In case of a virtual shareholders meeting, the Company is advised to audio and video record the back-end operation interface of the virtual meeting platform. until the conclusion of the litigation.

Article 9 (Calculation of the number of shares in attendance at the shareholders' meeting and the convening of the meeting)

Attendance at shareholders meetings shall be calculated based on numbers of shares. The number of shares in attendance shall be calculated according to the shares indicated by the attendance book and sign-in cards handed in, and the shares checked in on the virtual meeting platform, plus the number of shares whose voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronically.

The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time and disclose information concerning the number of nonvoting shares and number of shares represented by shareholders attending the meeting.

However, when the attending shareholders do not represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may announce a postponement, provided that no Article 9 (Calculation of the number of shares in attendance at the shareholders' meeting and the convening of the meeting)

Attendance at shareholders meetings shall be calculated based on numbers of shares. The number of shares in attendance shall be calculated according to the shares indicated by the attendance book and sign-in cards handed in.

The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time and disclose relevant information concerning the number of nonvoting shares and number of shares represented by shareholders attending the

more than two such postponements, for a combined total of no more than one hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the attending shareholders still represent less than one third of the total number of issued shares, the chair shall declare the meeting adjourned. In the event of a virtual shareholders meeting, the Company shall also declare the meeting adjourned at the virtual meeting platform.

If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, paragraph 1 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within one month. In the event of a virtual shareholders meeting, shareholders intending to attend the meeting online shall re-register to the Company in accordance with Article 6.

When, prior to conclusion of the meeting, the attending shareholders represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may resubmit the tentative resolution for a vote by the shareholders meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the Company Act.

meeting. However, when the attending shareholders do not represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may announce a postponement, provided that no more than two such postponements, for a combined total of no more than one hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two (2) postponements and the attending shareholders still represent less than one third (1/3) of the total number of issued shares, the chair shall declare the meeting adjourned.

If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, paragraph 1 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within one month.

When, prior to conclusion of the meeting, the attending shareholders represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may resubmit the tentative resolution for a vote by the shareholders meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the Company Act.

Article 11 (Shareholder speech)

Before speaking, an attending shareholder must specify on a speaker's slip the subject Article 11 (Shareholder speech)

Before speaking, an attending

of the speech, his/her shareholder account number (or attendance card number), and account name. The order in which shareholders speak will be set by the chair.

A shareholder in attendance who has submitted a speaker's slip but does not actually speak shall be deemed to have not spoken. When the content of the speech does not correspond to the subject given on the speaker's slip, the spoken content shall prevail.

Except with the consent of the chair, a shareholder may not speak more than twice on the same proposal, and a single speech may not exceed 5 minutes. If the shareholder's speech violates the rules or exceeds the scope of the agenda item, the chair may terminate the speech.

When an attending shareholder is speaking, other shareholders may not speak or interrupt unless they have sought and obtained the consent of the chair and the shareholder that has the floor; the chair shall stop any violation.

When a juristic person shareholder appoints no less than two (2) representatives to attend a shareholders' meeting, only one (1) of the representatives so appointed may speak on the same proposal.

After an attending shareholder has spoken, the chair may respond in person or direct relevant personnel to respond.

Where a virtual shareholders meeting is convened, shareholders attending the virtual meeting online may raise questions in writing at the virtual meeting platform from the chair declaring the meeting open until the chair declaring the meeting adjourned.

No more than two questions for the same proposal may be raised. Each question shall contain no more than 200 words. The regulations in paragraphs 1 to 5 do not apply.

As long as questions so raised in accordance with the preceding paragraph are not in violation of the regulations or beyond the

shareholder must specify on a speaker's slip the subject of the speech, his/her shareholder account number (or attendance card number), and account name. The order in which shareholders speak will be set by the chair.

A shareholder in attendance who has submitted a speaker's slip but does not actually speak shall be deemed to have not spoken. When the content of the speech does not correspond to the subject given on the speaker's slip, the spoken content shall prevail.

Except with the consent of the chair, a shareholder may not speak more than twice on the same proposal, and a single speech may not exceed 5 minutes. If the shareholder's speech violates the rules or exceeds the scope of the agenda item, the chair may terminate the speech.

When an attending shareholder is speaking, other shareholders may not speak or interrupt unless they have sought and obtained the consent of the chair and the shareholder that has the floor; the chair shall stop any violation.

When a juristic person shareholder appoints no less than two (2) representatives to attend a shareholders' meeting, only one (1) of the representatives so appointed may speak on the same proposal.

After an attending shareholder has spoken, the

scope of a proposal, it is advisable the questions be disclosed to the public at the virtual meeting platform.

chair may respond in person or direct relevant personnel to respond.

Amendments to the Act

Article 13 (Voting on proposals, and vote counting and scrutinizing methods)

A shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share held, except when the shares are restricted shares or are deemed non-voting shares under Article 179, paragraph 2 of the Company Act.

When the Company holds a shareholder meeting, it shall adopt exercise of voting rights by electronic means and may adopt exercise of voting rights by correspondence. When voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice. A shareholder exercising voting rights by correspondence or electronic means will be deemed to have attended the meeting in person, but to have waived his/her rights with respect to the extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals of that meeting; it is therefore advisable that the Company avoid the submission of extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals.

A shareholder intending to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means under the preceding paragraph shall deliver a written declaration of intent to the Company before two days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate declarations of intent are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail, except when a declaration is made to cancel the earlier declaration of intent.

After a shareholder has exercised voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, in the event the shareholder intends to attend the shareholders meeting in person or online, a written declaration of intent to retract the voting rights already exercised under the preceding paragraph shall be made known to the Company, by the same means by which the voting rights were exercised,

Article 13 (Voting on proposals, and vote counting and scrutinizing methods)

A shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share held, unless the shares are restricted shares or are deemed non-voting share.

Except as otherwise provided in the Company Act and in the articles of incorporation, the adoption of a proposal shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. At the time of a vote, for each proposal, the chair or a person designated by the chair shall first announce the total number of voting rights represented by the attending shareholders, followed by a poll of the shareholders. After the conclusion of the meeting, on the same day it is held, the results for each proposal, based on the numbers of votes for and against and the number of abstentions, shall be entered into the MOPS.

When there is an amendment or an alternative to a proposal, the chair shall present the amended or alternative proposal together with the original proposal and decide the order in which they will be put to a vote. When any one among them is passed, the other proposals will then be deemed rejected, and no further voting shall be

before two business days before the date of the shareholders meeting. If the notice of retraction is submitted after that time, the voting rights already exercised by correspondence or electronic means shall prevail. When a shareholder has exercised voting rights both by correspondence or electronic means and by appointing a proxy to attend a shareholders meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy in the meeting shall prevail.

Except as otherwise provided in the Company Act and in the articles of incorporation, the adoption of a proposal shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. At the time of a vote, for each proposal, the chair or a person designated by the chair shall first announce the total number of voting rights represented by the attending shareholders, followed by a poll of the shareholders. After the conclusion of the meeting, on the same day it is held, the results for each proposal, based on the numbers of votes for and against and the number of abstentions, shall be entered into the MOPS.

When there is an amendment or an alternative to a proposal, the chair shall present the amended or alternative proposal together with the original proposal and decide the order in which they will be put to a vote. When any one among them is passed, the other proposals will then be deemed rejected, and no further voting shall be required.

Vote monitoring and counting personnel for the voting on a proposal shall be appointed by the chair, provided that all monitoring personnel shall be shareholders of the Company.

Vote counting for shareholders meeting proposals or elections shall be conducted in public at the place of the shareholders meeting. Immediately after vote counting has been completed, the results of the voting, including the statistical tallies of the

required.

Vote monitoring and counting personnel for the voting on a proposal shall be appointed by the chair, provided that all monitoring personnel shall be shareholders of the Company. Vote counting shall be conducted in public at the place of the shareholders meeting, and the results of the voting shall be announced onsite at the meeting, and a record made of the vote.

numbers of votes, shall be announced onsite at the meeting, and a record made of the vote. When the Company convenes a virtual shareholders meeting, after the chair declares the meeting open, shareholders attending the meeting online shall cast votes on proposals and elections on the virtual meeting platform before the chair announces the voting session ends or will be deemed abstained from voting. In the event of a virtual shareholders meeting, votes shall be counted at once after the chair announces the voting session ends, and results of votes and elections shall be announced immediately. When the Company convenes a hybrid shareholders meeting, if shareholders who have registered to attend the meeting online in accordance with Article 6 decide to attend the physical shareholders meeting in person, they shall revoke their registration two days before the shareholders meeting in the same manner as they registered. If their registration is not revoked within the time limit, they may only attend the shareholders meeting online. When shareholders exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, unless

When shareholders exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, unless they have withdrawn the declaration of intent and attended the shareholders meeting online, except for extraordinary motions, they will not exercise voting rights on the original proposals or make any amendments to the original proposals or exercise voting rights on amendments to the original proposal.

Article 15 (Meeting minutes and signature)

Matters relating to the resolutions of a shareholders meeting shall be recorded in the meeting minutes. The meeting minutes shall be signed or sealed by the chair of the meeting and a copy distributed to each shareholder within 20 days after the conclusion of the meeting. The meeting minutes may be produced and distributed in electronic form.

Article 15 (Meeting minutes and signature)

Matters relating to the resolutions of a shareholders meeting shall be recorded in the meeting minutes. The meeting minutes shall be signed or sealed by the chair of the meeting and a copy distributed to each

The Company may distribute the meeting minutes of the preceding paragraph by means of a public announcement made through the MOPS.

The meeting minutes shall accurately record the year, month, day, and place of the meeting, the chair's full name, the methods by which resolutions were adopted, and a summary of the deliberations and their voting results (including the number of voting rights), and disclose the number of voting rights won by each candidate in the event of an election of directors or supervisors. The minutes shall be retained for the duration of the existence of the Company.

Where a virtual shareholders meeting is convened, in addition to the particulars to be included in the meeting minutes as described in the preceding paragraph, the start time and end time of the shareholders meeting, how the meeting is convened, the chair's and secretary's name, and actions to be taken in the event of disruption to the virtual meeting platform or participation in the meeting online due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events, and how issues are dealt with shall also be included in the minutes.

When convening a virtual-only shareholder meeting, other than compliance with the requirements in the preceding paragraph, the Company shall specify in the meeting minutes alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties in attending a virtual-only shareholders meeting online.

## Article 16 (Public disclosure)

On the day of a shareholders meeting, the Company shall compile in the prescribed format a statistical statement of the number of shares obtained by solicitors through solicitation, the number of shares represented by proxies and the number of shares represented by shareholders attending the meeting by correspondence or electronic

shareholder within 20 days after the conclusion of the meeting.

The meeting minutes of the preceding paragraph may be distributed by means of a public announcement made through the MOPS.

The meeting minutes shall accurately record the year, month, day, and place of the meeting, the chair's full name, the methods by which resolutions were adopted, and a summary of the deliberations and results, and disclose the number of voting rights won by each candidate. The minutes shall be retained for the duration of the existence of the Company.

If the aforementioned resolution method was based on the chair's inquiry for the opinions of the shareholders, and the shareholders have no objection to the proposal, it should be stated as "the chair inquired all the attending shareholders and no objection"; provided, however, if there is any objection from the shareholders, it is required to specify the voting method and the number of voting rights passed in proportion to the weights.

Article 16 (Public disclosure)

On the day of a shareholders meeting, the Company shall compile in the prescribed format a statistical statement of the number of shares obtained by solicitors through solicitation and the number of shares represented by proxies

means, and shall make an express disclosure of the same at the place of the shareholders meeting. In the event a virtual shareholders meeting, the Company shall upload the above meeting materials to the virtual meeting platform at least 30 minutes before the meeting starts, and keep this information disclosed until the end of the meeting.  During the Company's virtual shareholders meeting, when the meeting is called to order, the total number of shares represented at the meeting shall be disclosed on the virtual meeting platform. The same shall apply whenever the total number of shares represented at the meeting and a new tally of votes is released during the meeting.  If matters put to a resolution at a shareholders meeting constitute material information under applicable laws or regulations or under Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (or Taipei Exchange Market) regulations, the Company shall upload the content of such resolution to the MOPS within the prescribed time period.	by correspondence or electronic means, and shall make an express disclosure of the same at the place of the shareholders meeting.  If matters put to a resolution at a shareholders meeting constitute material information under applicable laws or regulations or under Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (or Taipei Exchange Market) regulations, the Company shall upload the content of such resolution to the MOPS within the prescribed time period.	
Article 19 (Disclosure of information at virtual meetings)  In the event of a virtual shareholders meeting, the Company shall disclose realtime results of votes and election immediately after the end of the voting session on the virtual meeting platform according to the regulations, and this disclosure shall continue at least 15 minutes after the chair has announced the meeting adjourned.		Amendments to the Act
Article 20 (Location of the chair and secretary of virtual-only shareholders meeting)  When the Company convenes a virtual-only shareholders meeting, both the chair and secretary shall be in the same location, and the chair shall declare the address of their location when the meeting is called to order.		Amendments to the Act

## Article 21 (Handling of disconnection)

In the event of a virtual shareholders meeting, the Company may offer a simple connection test to shareholders prior to the meeting, and provide relevant real-time services before and during the meeting to help resolve communication technical issues.

In the event of a virtual shareholders meeting, when declaring the meeting open, the chair shall also declare, unless under a circumstance where a meeting is not required to be postponed to or resumed at another time under Article 44-20, paragraph 4 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, if the virtual meeting platform or participation in the virtual meeting is obstructed due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events before the chair has announced the meeting adjourned, and the obstruction continues for more than 30 minutes, the meeting shall be postponed to or resumed on another date within five days, in which case Article 182 of the Company Act shall not apply.

For a meeting to be postponed or resumed as described in the preceding paragraph, shareholders who have not registered to participate in the affected shareholders meeting online shall not attend the postponed or resumed session.

For a meeting to be postponed or resumed under the second paragraph, the number of shares represented by, and voting rights and election rights exercised by the shareholders who have registered to participate in the affected shareholders meeting and have successfully signed in the meeting, but do not attend the postpone or resumed session, at the affected shareholders meeting, shall be counted towards the total number of shares, number of voting rights and number of election rights represented at the postponed or resumed session.

During a postponed or resumed session of a

shareholders meeting held under the second paragraph, no further discussion or resolution is required for proposals for which votes have been cast and counted and results have been announced, or list of elected directors and supervisors.

When the Company convenes a hybrid shareholders meeting, and the virtual meeting cannot continue as described in second paragraph, if the total number of shares represented at the meeting, after deducting those represented by shareholders attending the virtual shareholders meeting online, still meets the minimum legal requirement for a shareholder meeting, then the shareholders meeting shall continue, and not postponement or resumption thereof under the second paragraph is required.

Under the circumstances where a meeting should continue as in the preceding paragraph, the shares represented by shareholders attending the virtual meeting online shall be counted towards the total number of shares represented by shareholders present at the meeting, provided these shareholders shall be deemed abstaining from voting on all proposals on meeting agenda of that shareholders meeting.

When postponing or resuming a meeting according to the second paragraph, the Company shall handle the preparatory work based on the date of the original shareholders meeting in accordance with the requirements listed under Article 44-20, paragraph 7 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies.

For dates or period set forth under Article
12, second half, and Article 13, paragraph 3
of Regulations Governing the Use of
Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder
Meetings of Public Companies, and Article
44-5, paragraph 2, Article 44-15, and Article
44-17, paragraph 1 of the Regulations
Governing the Administration of
Shareholder Services of Public Companies,

the Companies hall handle the matter based on the date of the shareholders meeting that is postponed or resumed under the second paragraph.		
Article 22  When convening a virtual-only shareholders meeting, the Company shall provide appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties in attending a virtual shareholders meeting online. Except for the situations specified in Paragraph 6, Article 44-9 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, at least connection equipment and necessary assistance shall be provided to shareholders, and the period during which shareholders may apply to the Company and other relevant matters shall be specified.		Amendments to the Act
Article 23 (Implementation and amendment)  These Rules shall take effect after having been submitted to and approved by a shareholders meeting. Subsequent amendments thereto shall be effected in the same manner. Amended on May 4, 2017 by the 6th Meeting of the 12th Board of Directors. Amended on March 25, 2021 by the 13th Meeting of the 13th Board of Directors. Amended on March 17, 2022 by the 13th Meeting of the 18th Board of Directors. Amended on May 9, 2024 by the 10th Meeting of the 14th Board of Directors. These Rules hereto shall be implemented upon adoption by the shareholders' meeting.	Article 19 (Implementation and amendment)  These Rules shall take effect after having been submitted to and approved by a shareholders meeting.  Subsequent amendments thereto shall be effected in the same manner. Amended on May 4, 2017 by the 6th Meeting of the 12th Board of Directors. Amended on March 25, 2021 by the 13th Meeting of the 13th Board of Directors. Amended on March 17, 2022 by the 13th Meeting of the 18th Board of Directors. These Rules hereto shall be implemented upon adoption by the shareholders' meeting. These Rules hereto shall be implemented upon adoption by the shareholders' meeting.	Amendments to the Act